

SD) Airports

WELCOME Please Sign In **Project Contact: Wayne Reiter Airports Division Program Manager** (858) 573-1436 | WReiter@sandiego.gov

For more information about the project, please visit www.SDAirportPlans.com

Meeting Format



Project Team Introductions



Presentation Overview

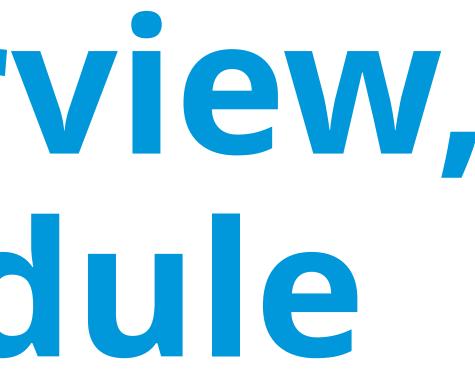
- Schedule
- 2. Existing Conditions
- 4. Facility Requirements
- 5. Alternatives Analysis
- 6. Next Steps

1. Master Plan Overview, Purpose and

3. Forecast of Aviation Demand



1. Master Plan Overview, **Purpose and Schedule**





What is an Airport Master Plan?

- Vision for the future
- Forecast of aviation demand
- development
- Funding plan

• Examination of assets and deficiencies Consideration of alternatives Phased graphic representation of



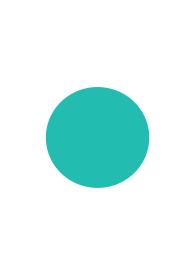




ALP – Airport Layout Plan CEQA – California Environmental Quality Act FFA – Financial Feasibility Analysis



Alternative & CEQA Analysis



Master Plan Adoption & ALP Approval

Summer 2018

Published Materials

- The following documents can be accessed on the City of San Diego Airport Master Plans website • Fact sheets, and FAQs
 - Working Papers 1, and 2 along with the FAA Forecast Approval letter
 - The Airport Recycling, Reuse, and Waste Reduction Plan

 - Advisory Committee Meeting Materials • Public Meeting Materials

http://www.sdairportplans.com/



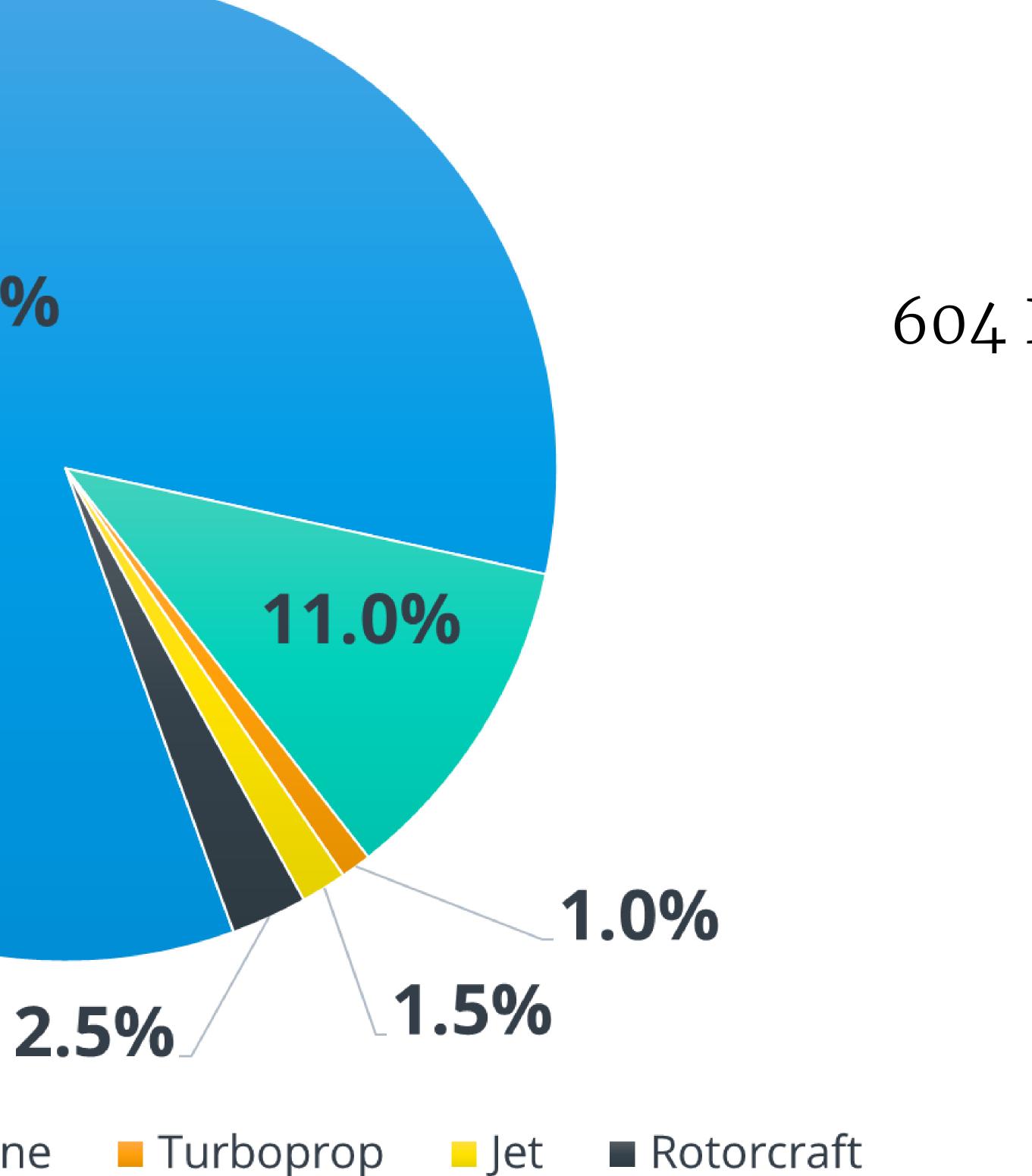
2. Existing Conditions





Based Aircraft

84.0%



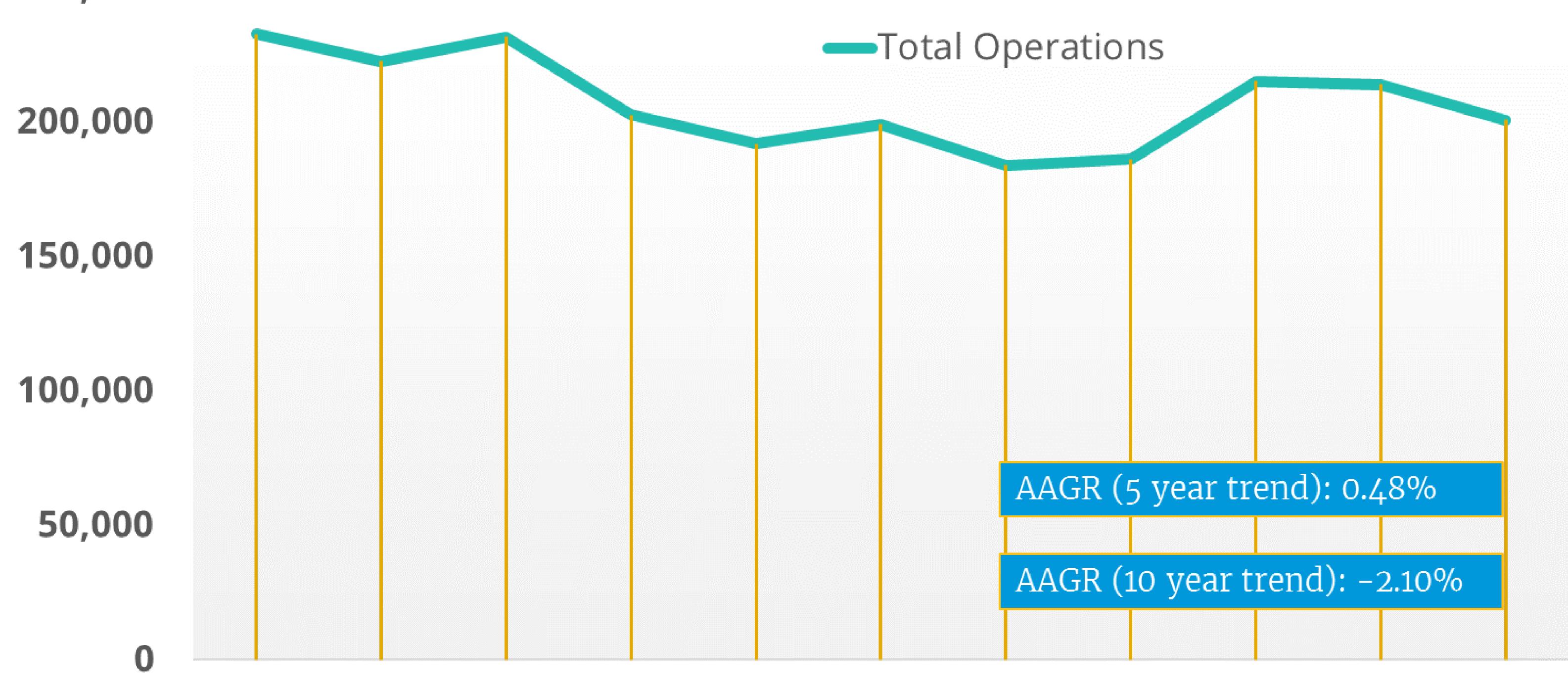
Single Engine Multi Engine

Source: National Based Aircraft Inventory

604 Based Aircraft in 2017



250,000



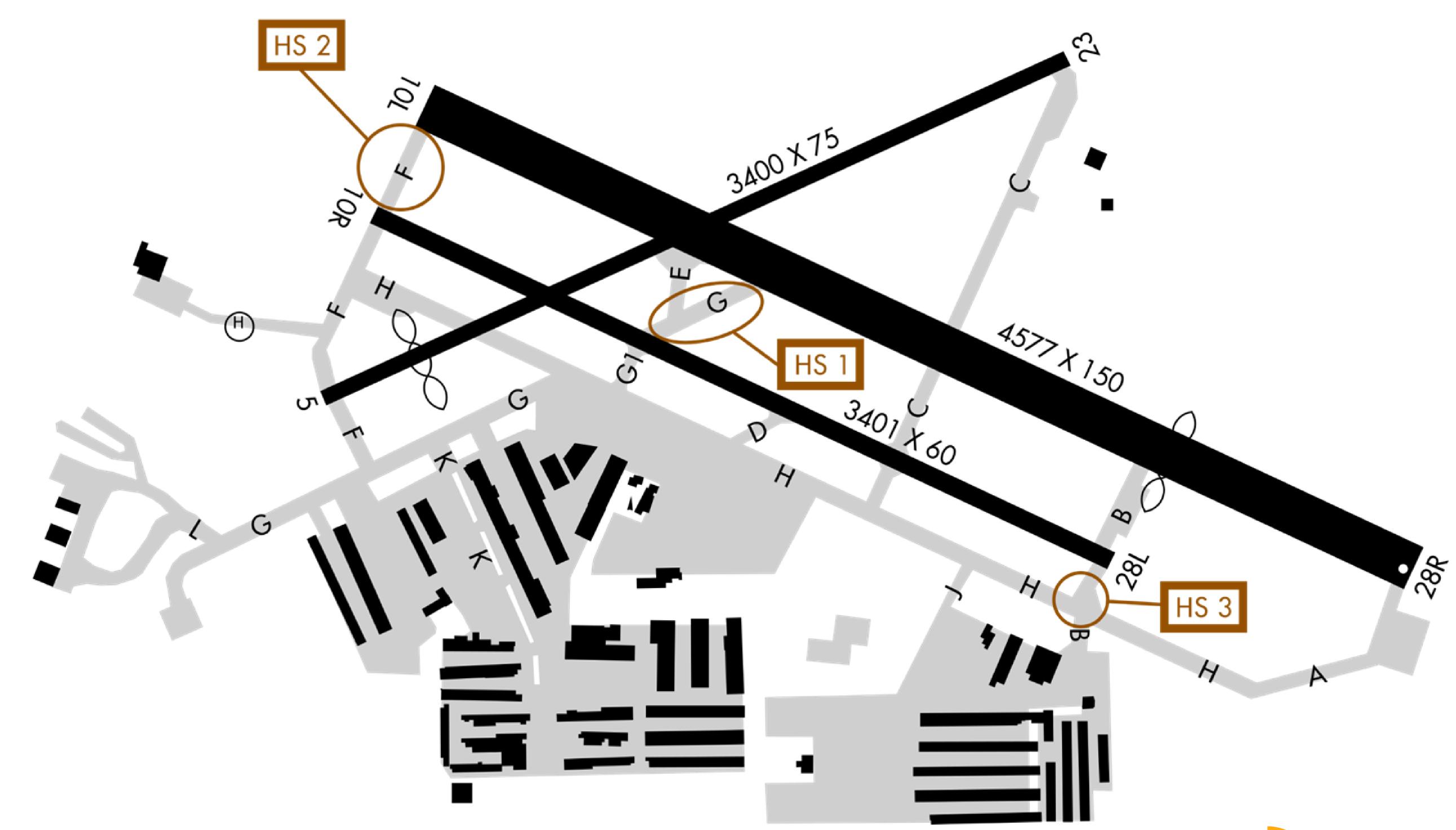
2010 2011 2012 2013 2008 2009 2006 2007

Source: 2017 FAA ATADS

Historical Operations



Airfield Geometry





Facilities

National Air College

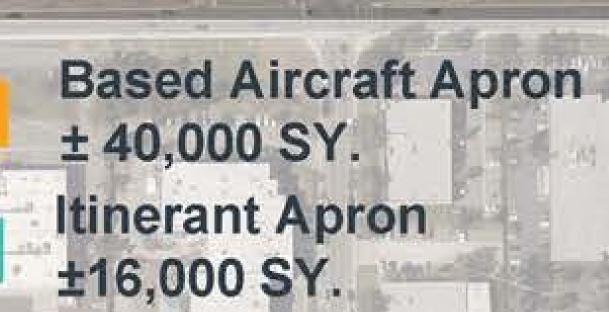
Marigold

Spots

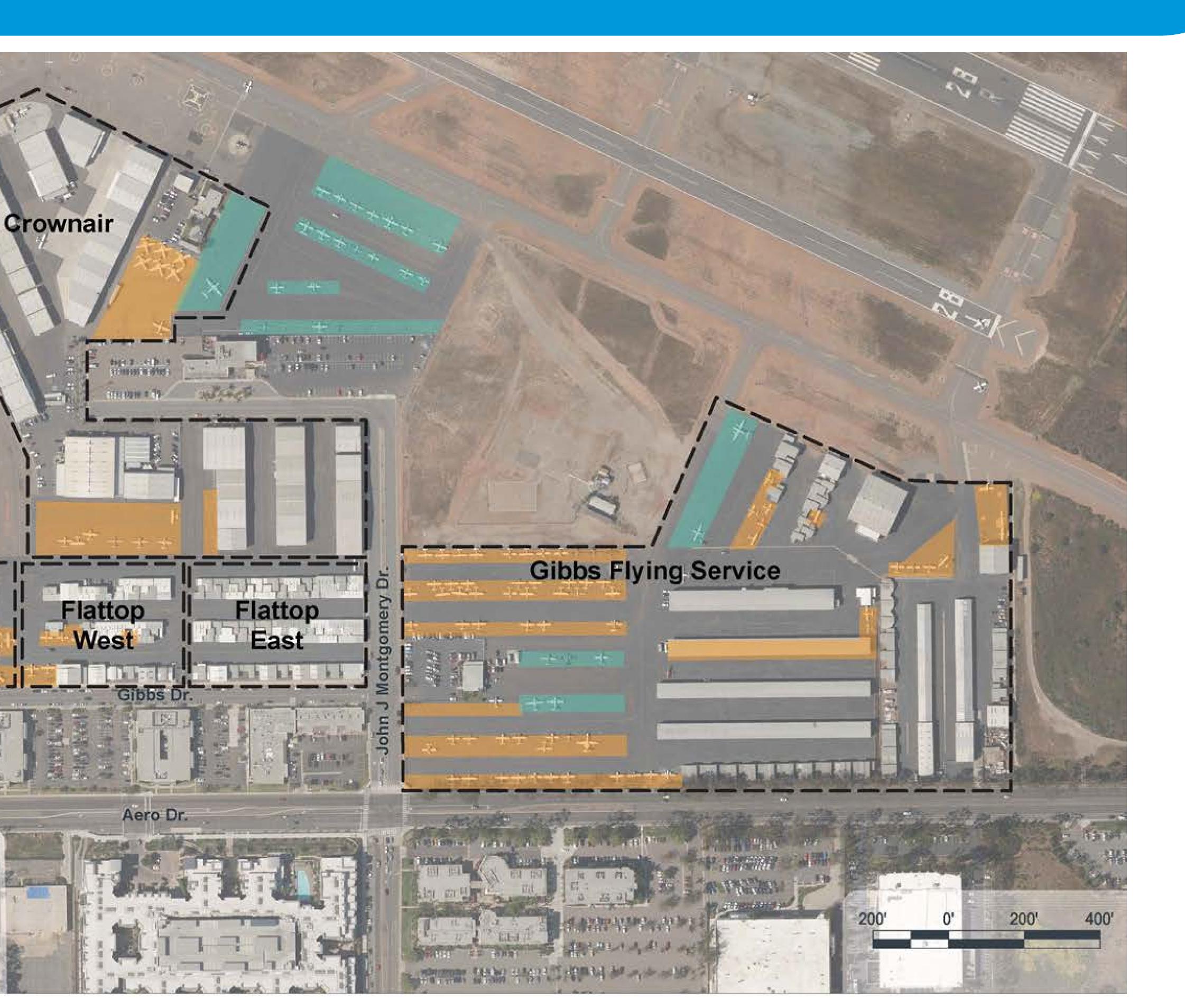
Coast

Aircraft

69



Glenn H Curtiss



Public Input

Services Keep user balance •Become more business friendly •Enhanced Fixed-Based-Operator (FBO) services

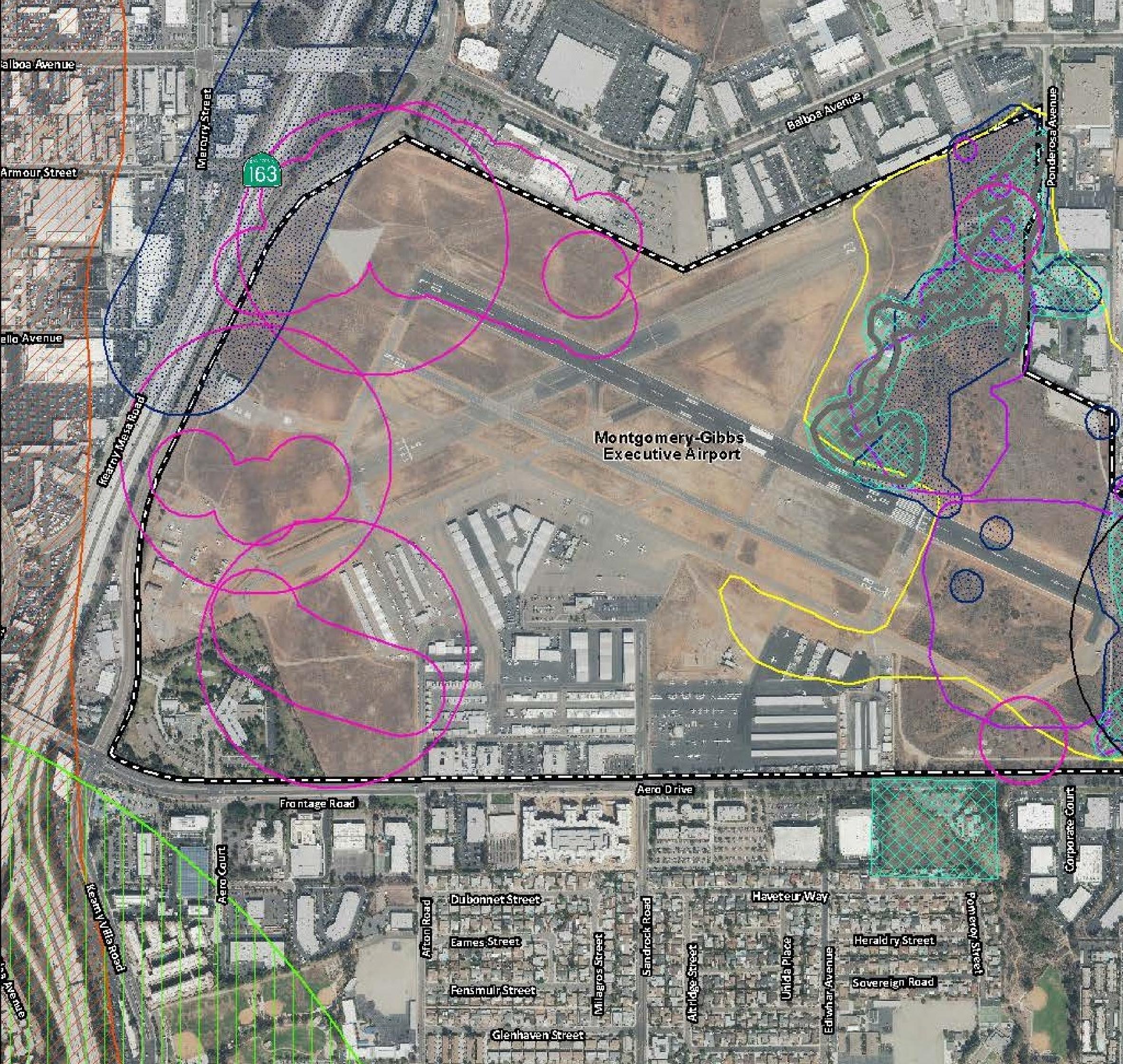
Facilities Additional hangar space •Viewing area •Aircraft wash racks



Environmental Overview

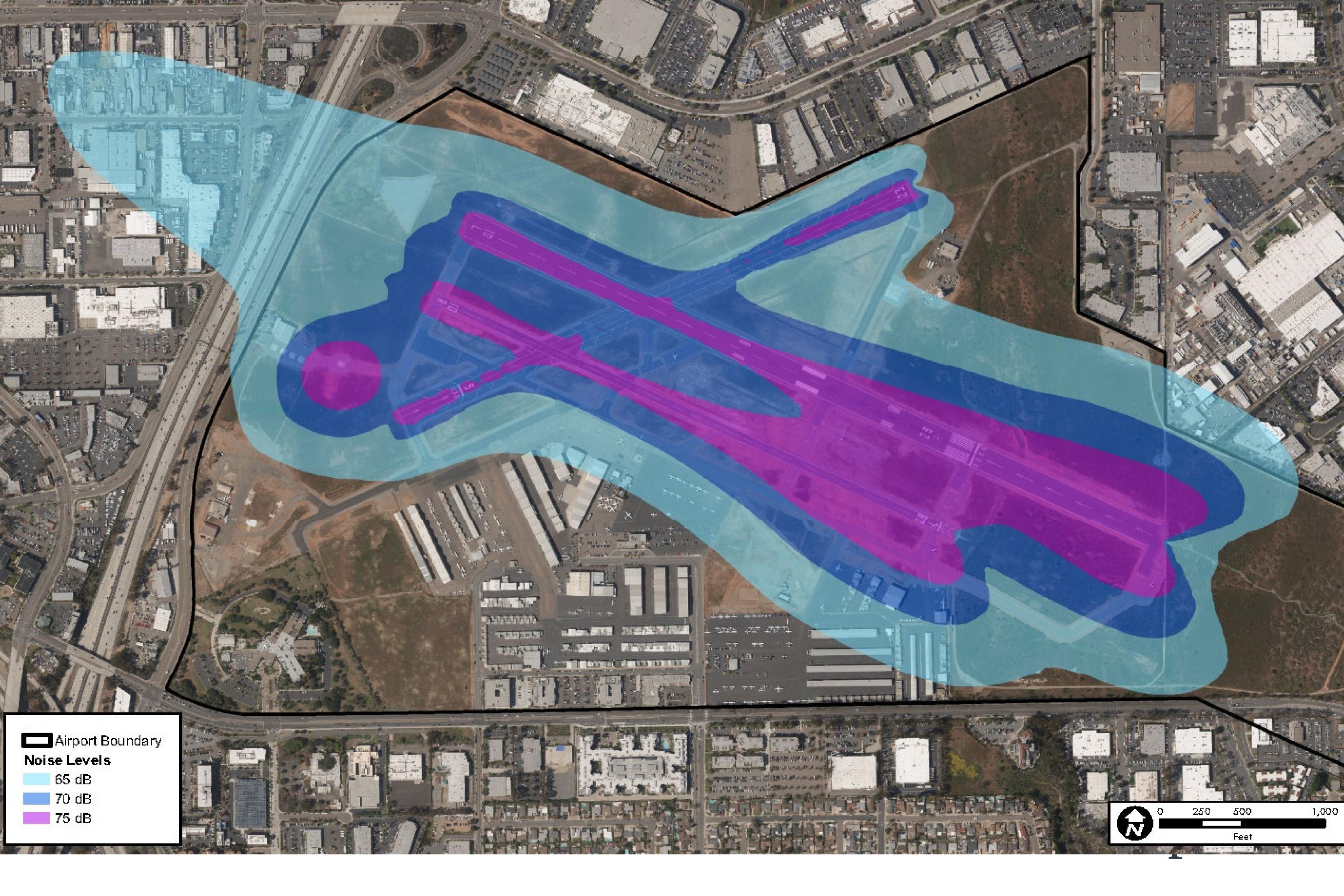






- Montgomery Boundary
 - Orcutt's brodiaea
 - San Diego Mesa Hardpan Vernal Pool
 - San Diego button-celery
 - San Diego fairy shrimp
- 🔀 San Diego goldenstar
- San Diego mesa mint
 - burrowing owl
 - coastal California gnatcatcher
 - decumbent goldenbush
 - orange-throated whiptail
 - prairie falcon
 - spreading navarretia
- wart-stemmed ceanothus





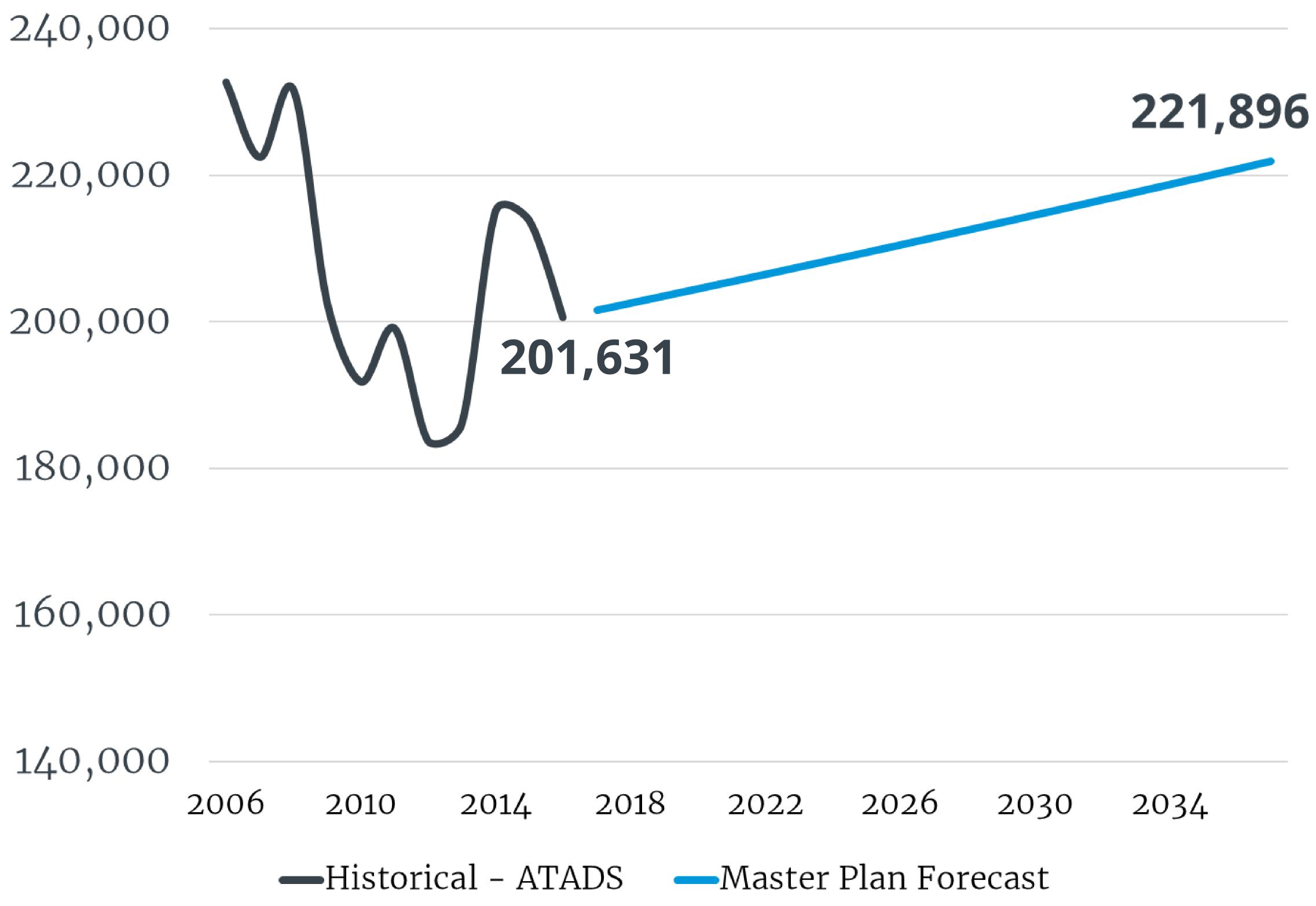


3. Forecast of Aviation Demand





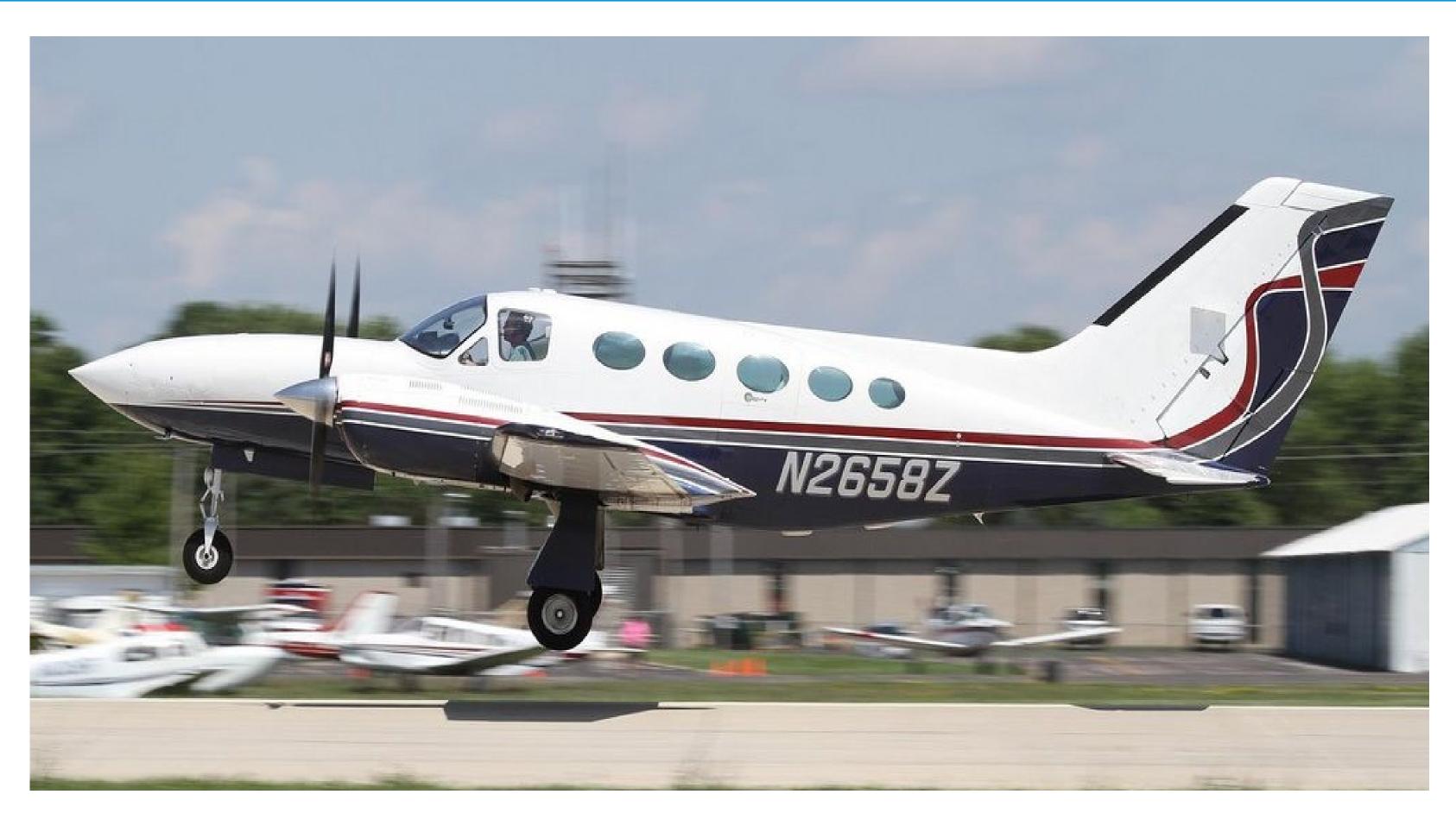
Forecast of Aviation Demand



Approved by FAA on 7/26/17



Critical Aircraft



Cessna 421 Golden Eagle

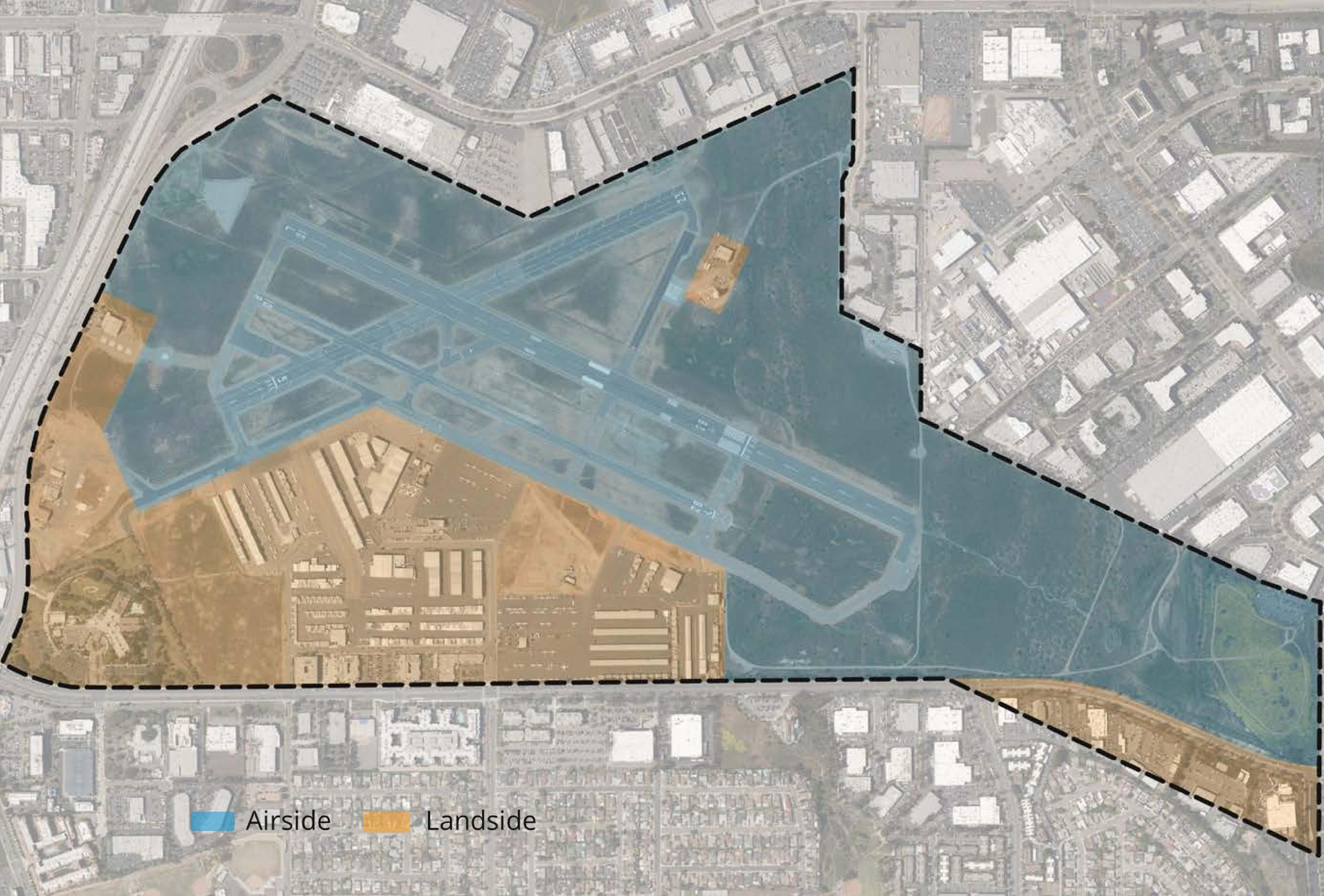
Beechcraft King Air 350





4. Facility Requirements





Airside



Annual Service Volume

Annual Service Volume (ASV) – Maximum number of annual operations that can occur at the airport before an assumed maximum operational delay value is encountered

60 percent of ASV – The threshold at which planning for capacity improvements should begin

80 percent of ASV – The threshold at which planning for improvements should be complete and construction should begin

100 percent of ASV – The airport has reached the total number of annual operations it can accommodate, and capacity-enhancing improvements should be made to avoid extensive delays



ASV vs. Annual Demand

Year	Forecast Annual Operations	Annual Service Volume	Ρ
2016	200,668	377,069	
2022	206,517	377,069	
2027	211,521	377,069	
2032	216,647	377,069	
2037	221,896	377,069	

Sources: FAA AC 150.5060–5, Airport Capacity and Delay Analysis by Atkins, 2017



Percent of Annual **Service Volume**

53.22%

54.77%

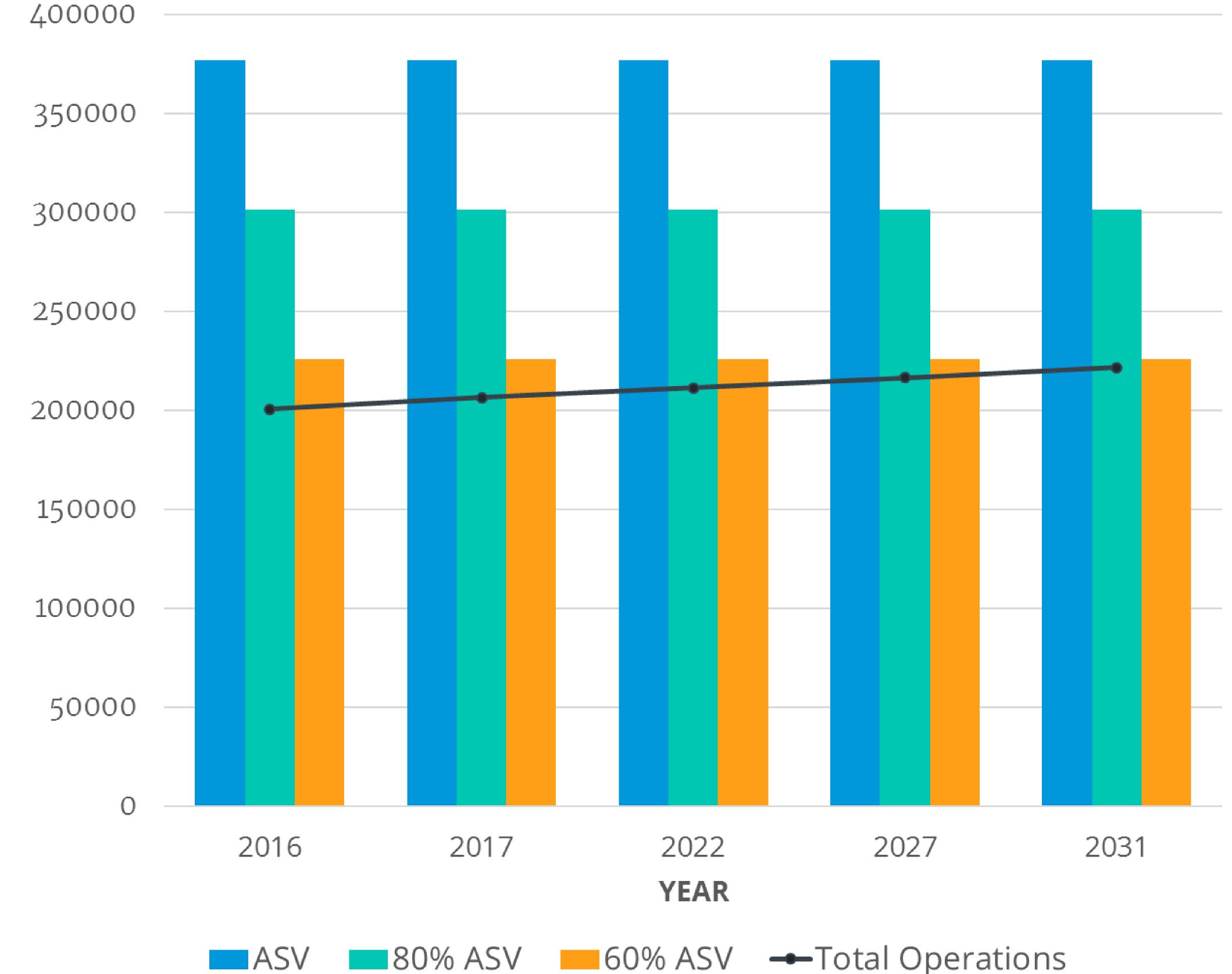
56.10%

57.46%

58.85%



ASV vs. Annual Demand



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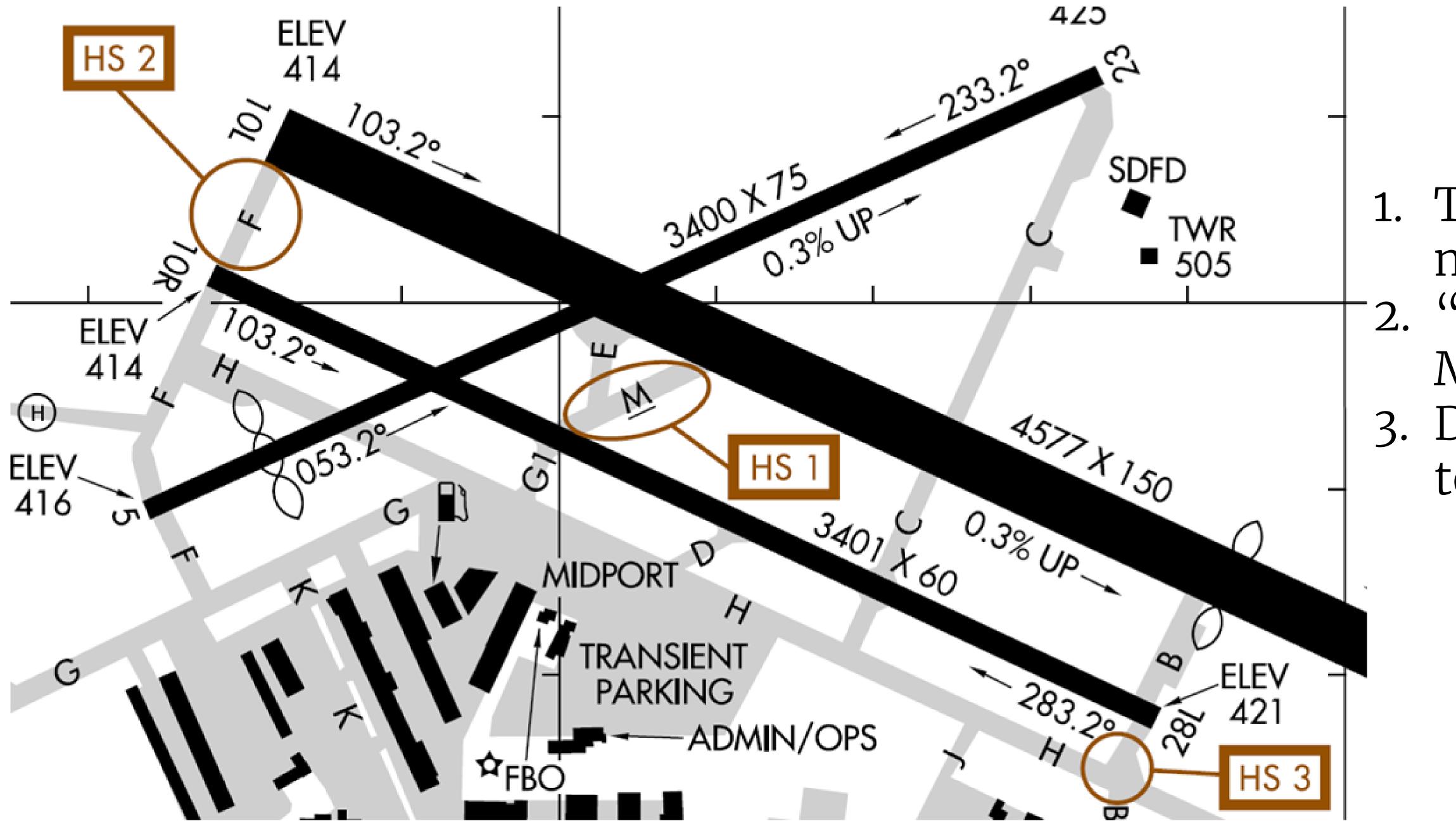




MYF is not forecast to require capacity driven airfield improvements within the 20 year forecast period



Airfield Deficiencies



Airfield Hot Spots

 Taxiway E intersecting multiple runways
"Y" configuration of the E & M crossing
Direct access from an apron to Runway 10R-28L



Airfield Deficiencies

Four Holding Bays

• Holding bay deficiencies o Lack of markings o Insufficient taxiway wingtip clearance o Insufficient depth o Insufficient safety area clearance

Runway Length

• No identified deficiencies. Current runway pavement length meets the needs of current and future forecasted fleet mix • Runway thresholds will be evaluated in the alternatives analysis to determine if improvements can be made to Runway 28, and Runway 5





RUNNAY 5-23 Tating RUNWAY 101-28R TAXIWAY M FAXINAY M TAXIWAY GI RUNWAY 10R-28L Tabliar.C TAXIWAYH TAXIWAYO Marries 1218.0 111 T 11 11 and the sheet of the 5. 国际内的1. AF 11 TATE AND ADDRESS STATES - CONTRACTOR 100 N APPLIER TO T kaus ka i ha 10.07 ++++2



Landside



Typical Hangar Types



Conventional / Box Hangar



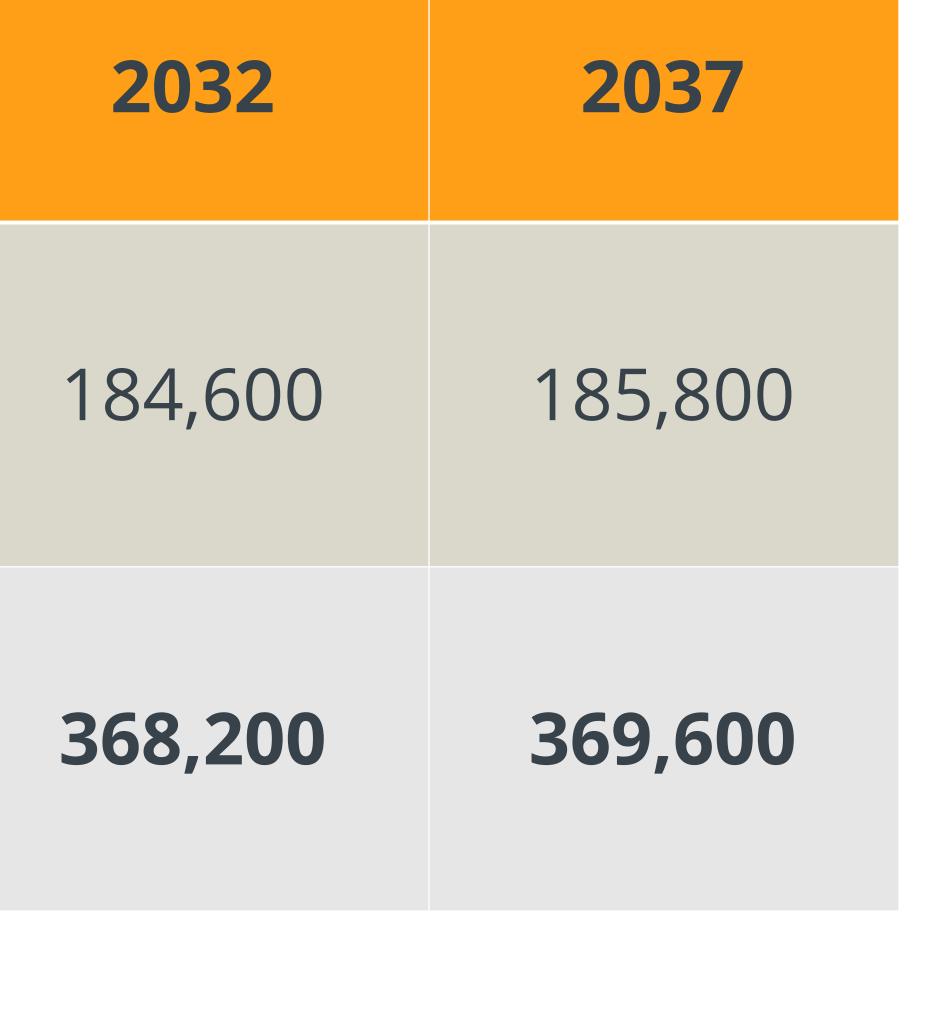






Aircraft Hangars

	2017 (Existing)	2022	2027
Conventional/ Box Hangar (SF)	235,000	183,400	184,600
T-Hangar (SF)	334,000	364,000	364,000





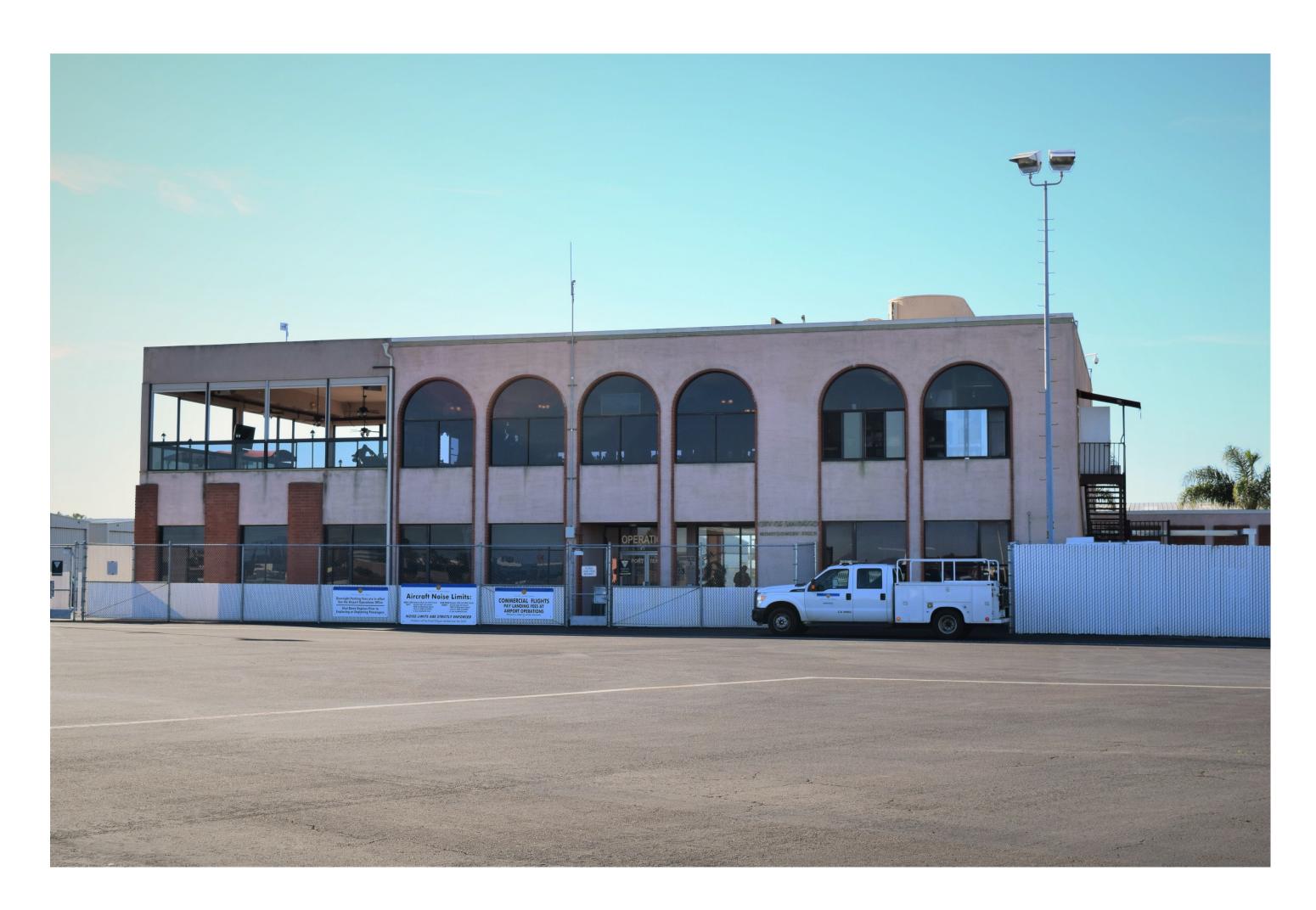
Aircraft Parking Apron

	2017 (Existing)	2022	2027
Itinerant Apron (SY)	20,000	38,000	38,800
Based Apron (SY)	40,000	40,200	40,400





Terminal/Airport Administration Building



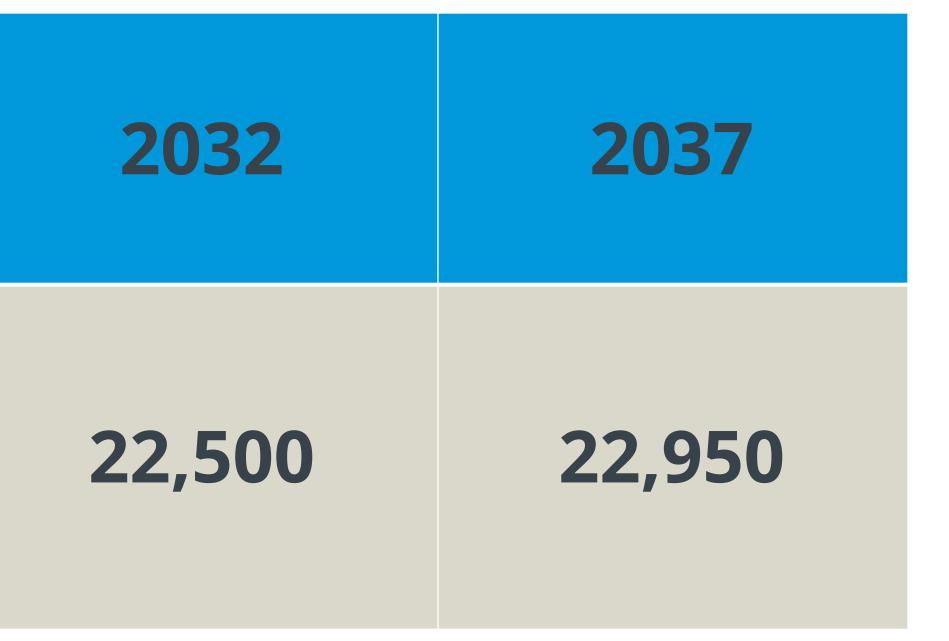






Terminal/Airport Administration Building

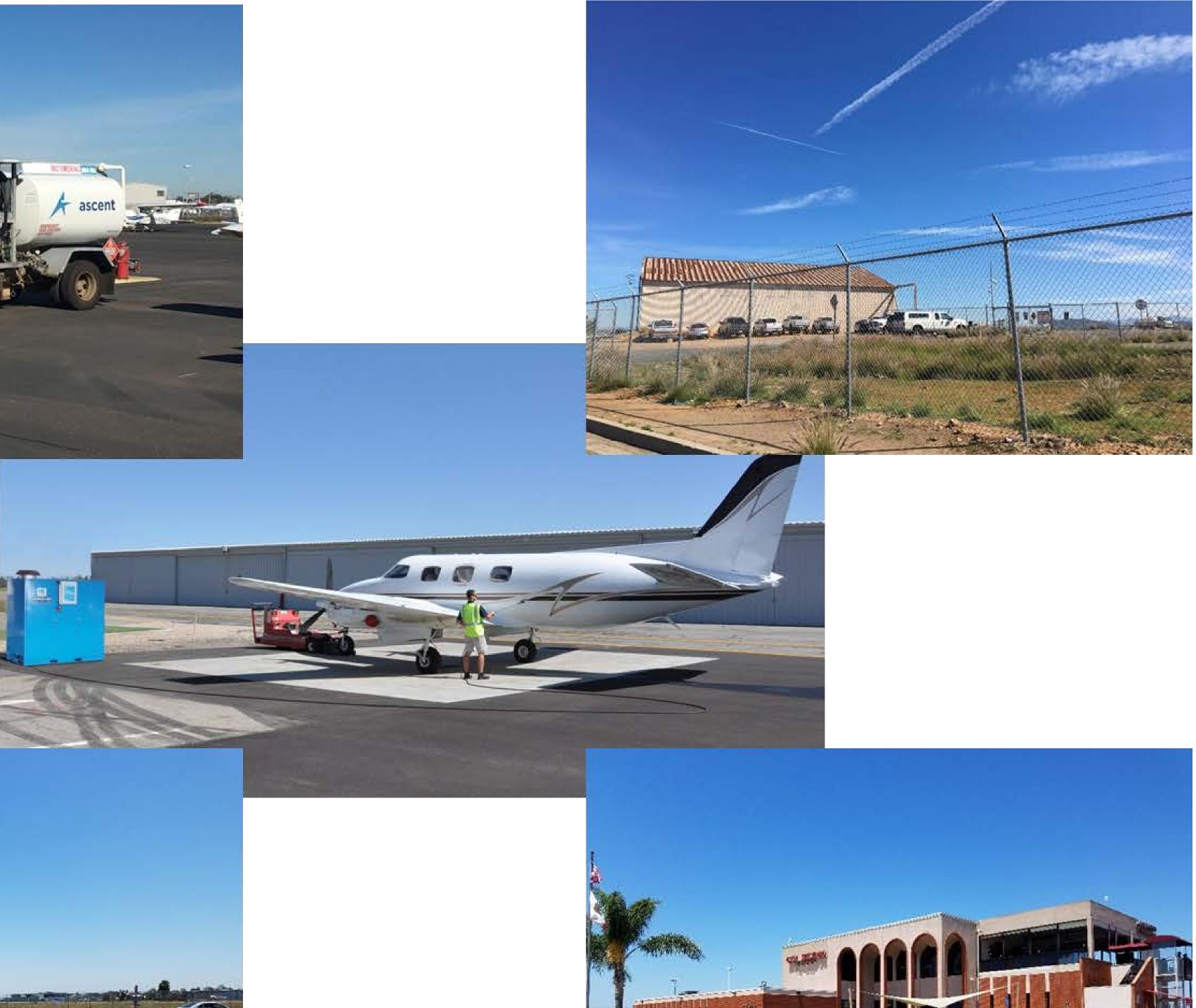
	2017 (Existing)	2022	2027	
Terminal Size Required (SF)	16,600	21,450	27,750	





Support Facilities







- Aircraft Fueling
- > Fencing
- Aircraft Wash Rack
- Automobile Parking
- > Non-Aeronautical



5. Alternatives Analysis





Alternatives Analysis

Identify alternative way to address facility requirements

Evaluate alternatives based on defined set of criteria

Recommend Preferred Alternative



6. Next Steps



Next Steps

Alternative Development



Evaluate Alternatives

Recommend Preferred Alternative

Public Meeting #3





Information Stations



