

SD) Airports

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For more information about the project, please visit www.SDAirportPlans.com

What is a Master Plan

"...a comprehensive study of an airport [that] usually describes the short-, medium-, and long-term development plans to meet future aviation demand." - FAA Advisory Circular 150/5070-6B, Airport Master Plans

- action
- community

• Statement of intention, but not a guarantee of

• A set of guidelines to satisfy aviation demand in a financially feasible and environmentally friendly manner that meets the needs of the surrounding



Master Plan Objectives

1. What do you have?

- Existing conditions
- Inventory of assets
- Obtain stakeholder input

2. What do you need or want?

3. How do you get it?

• Aviation forecasts (FAA reviews and approves) • Demand and capacity analysis

• Obtain stakeholder and public input

- Determine alternatives
- Select the best alternative
- Prepare an implementation plan
- Obtain stakeholder and public input

Airport Master Plan



Environmental Overview



Biological Resources - sensitive habitat presented in figure above

What is an environmental overview?

> An evaluation of the existing conditions of the airport property and surrounding community with respect to environmental resources

Information will be used for the following:

- Recognition of development constraints
- Evaluate airport development alternatives
- Minimize unavoidable impacts
- Help expedite subsequent environmental processing



Environmental Overview

Environmental constraints split into three categories

Potentially significant impacts:

- > Air quality
- > Biological Resources
- > Hazardous Materials
- Land Use
- > Noise

No significant impacts:

- > Climate, Section 4(f)
- > Cultural Resources
- > Visual
- > Water Resources

No impacts or resource is not present:

- > Coastal Resources
- > Farmlands,
- > Natural Resources and Energy Supply
- > Socioeconomics/Enviro Justice/Children's Health & Safety



* Environmental resources reviewed based on FAA Order 1050.1F - Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures

Aviation Demand Forecast

Forecast Comparison





20 Year Forecast



Aviation Demand Forecast

Jet







Critical Aircraft



Runways 10L/28R and 5/23 Beechcraft King Air 350

Characteristics:

FAA Airport Reference Code: B-II Wingspan: 57.9 ft. Tail Height: 14.3 ft. Maximum Takeoff Weight: 15,000 lbs.

<u>Runway 10R/28L</u> Cessna 421 Golden Eagle

Characteristics: FAA Airport Reference Code: B-I (small) Wingspan: 41.7 ft. Tail Height: 11.6 ft. Maximum Takeoff Weight: 7,450 lbs.





Demand VS. Capacity



Sources:

FAA AC 150.5060–5, Airport Capacity and Delay, Atkins Atkins, 2017 C&S Forecast Analysis, 2017

Annual Service Volume (ASV) – Maximum number of annual operations that can occur before an assumed maximum operational delay value is encountered

- begin
- delays

• **60 percent of ASV** – threshold at which planning for capacity improvements should

• **80 percent of ASV** – threshold at which planning for improvements should be complete and construction should begin

 100 percent of ASV – airport has reached total number of annual operations it can accommodate, and capacity-enhancing improvements should be made to avoid



Facility Requirements



Airside Facility Requirements:

- Capacity driven airfield projects are not required
- Address "Hot Spot" Areas
- Increase Hold Bay capacity and ensure FAA design criteria met
- Evaluate runway threshold locations to identify potential improvements



Aircraft Hangars/Apron

	2017 (Existing)	2022	2027	2032	2037	
Conventional/ Box Hangar (SF)	235,000	183,400	184,600	184,600	185,800	
T-Hangar (SF)	334,000	364,000	364,000	368,200	369,600	
Total Hangar Area (SF)	569,000	547,400	548,600	552,800	555,400	

Aircraft Apron:

Expansion of itinerant aircraft parking needed over planning period



	2017 (existing)	2022	2027	2032	2037
ltinerant Apron (SY)	20,000	38,000	38,800	40,000	41,200
Based Apron (SY)	40,000	40,200	40,400	40,600	40,600
Total Apron (SY)	60,000	78,200	79,200	80,600	81,800

Aircraft Hangars:

25 additional hangars needed over planning period

Terminal/Airport Administration

Year	Itinerant Design Hour Operations	Peak-Hour Pilot & Passengers
2017	55	138
2022	57	143
2027	58	145
2032	60	150
2037	61	153

Terminal Size Required (SF)

16,600 (current) 20,700 (demand)

21,450

21,750

22,500

22,950



Project Schedule

Spring 2017 Existing Forecasting & Facility Conditions Analysis Requirements

ALP – Airport Layout Plan CEQA – California Environmental Quality Act FFA – Financial Feasibility Analysis





Preferred Alternative & CEQA Analysis



Master Plan Adoption & ALP Approval



Next Steps

Development of Project Alternatives

FFA – Financial Feasibility Analysis

Evaluation of Project Alternatives & FFA

Recommendation of Preferred Alternative

Public Meeting #3 (2018)

